

# Termodinámica

## Ecuaciones de Estado

Ecuación de Estado Térmica

Clapeyron Mendeleiev:  $pV = nRT$

- Proceso Isotérmico ( $T = cte$ )

$$p = \frac{c_1}{V} = p(V), \quad c_1 = nRT \quad (1)$$

- Proceso Isobárico ( $p = cte$ )

$$V = c_2 T = V(T), \quad c_2 = \frac{nR}{p} \quad (2)$$

- Proceso Isobárico ( $V = cte$ )

$$p = c_3 T = p(T), \quad c_3 = \frac{nR}{V} \quad (3)$$

Ecuación de Estado Calórica

$$U = U_0 + C_v(T - T_0) \quad (4)$$

## Leyes de la Termodinámica

Primera Ley

$$\delta Q = dU + pdV \quad (5)$$

$$\delta Q = dU + pdV - \sum_{i=1}^n \mu_i dN_i \quad (6)$$

Segunda Ley

$$\delta Q = TdS \quad (7)$$

$$\oint \frac{\delta Q}{T} = 0 \quad (8)$$

Tercera Ley

$$\left( \frac{\partial U}{\partial S} \right)_{V,N} = 0 \quad (9)$$

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow 0} S(T) = 0 \quad (10)$$

Ecuación Fundamental de la Termodinámica

$$TdS = dU + pdV \quad (11)$$

$$TdS = dU + pdV - \sum_{i=1}^n \mu_i dN_i \quad (12)$$

## Potenciales Termodinámicos

Energía Interna

$$TdS - pdV = \left( \frac{\partial U}{\partial S} \right)_V dS + \left( \frac{\partial U}{\partial V} \right)_S dV \quad (13)$$

Energía libre de Helmholtz

$$F = U - TS \quad (14)$$

$$-SdT - pdV = \left( \frac{\partial F}{\partial T} \right)_V dT + \left( \frac{\partial F}{\partial V} \right)_T dV \quad (15)$$

Entalpía

$$H = U + pV \quad (16)$$

$$TdS + Vdp = \left( \frac{\partial H}{\partial S} \right)_p dS + \left( \frac{\partial H}{\partial p} \right)_S dp \quad (17)$$

Energía de Gibbs

$$G = U + pV - TS \quad (18)$$

$$Vdp - SdT = \left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial p} \right)_T dp + \left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial T} \right)_p dT \quad (19)$$

## Relaciones Termodinámicas de Maxwell

Energía Interna

$$U = U(V, S) \quad (20)$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial V} \right)_S = \left( - \frac{\partial p}{\partial S} \right)_V \quad (21)$$

Energía libre de Helmholtz

$$F = F(V, T) \quad (22)$$

$$\left( - \frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right)_T = \left( - \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V \quad (23)$$

Entalpía

$$H = H(S, p) \quad (24)$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial p} \right)_S = \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial S} \right)_p \quad (25)$$

Energía de Gibbs

$$G = G(p, T) \quad (26)$$

$$\left( - \frac{\partial S}{\partial p} \right)_T = \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p \quad (27)$$

## Condiciones de equilibrio de dos fases

$$\frac{dU_\ell + p_\ell dV_\ell - \mu_\ell dN_\ell}{T_\ell} + \frac{dU_v + p_v dV_v - \mu_v dN_v}{T_v} = 0 \quad (28)$$

Condiciones del sistema

$$U = U_\ell + U_v = cte, \quad dU_\ell + dU_v = 0 \quad (29)$$

$$V = V_\ell + V_v = cte, \quad dV_\ell + dV_v = 0 \quad (30)$$

$$N = N_\ell + N_v = cte, \quad dN_\ell + dN_v = 0 \quad (31)$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{T_\ell} - \frac{1}{T_v} \right] dU_\ell + \left[ \frac{p_\ell}{T_\ell} - \frac{p_v}{T_v} \right] dV_\ell - \left[ \frac{\mu_\ell}{T_\ell} - \frac{\mu_v}{T_v} \right] dN_\ell = 0 \quad (32)$$

- Condición de equilibrio térmico

$$\left[ \frac{1}{T_\ell} - \frac{1}{T_v} \right] = 0 \quad (33)$$

- Condición de equilibrio mecánico

$$\left[ \frac{p_\ell}{T_\ell} - \frac{p_v}{T_v} \right] = 0 \quad (34)$$

- Condición de equilibrio químico

$$\left[ \frac{\mu_\ell}{T_\ell} - \frac{\mu_v}{T_v} \right] = 0 \quad (35)$$

## Coefficientes Térmicos

- Coeficiente de dilatación térmica Isobárica

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{V} \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p \quad (36)$$

- Coeficiente de compresibilidad Isotérmica

$$\chi_T = - \frac{1}{V} \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_T \quad (37)$$

- Coeficiente Piezotérmico

$$\beta = \frac{1}{p} \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V \quad (38)$$

- Observación

$$\alpha = p\chi_T\beta \quad (39)$$